Short Communications

On the Crystal Structure of Ditellurium Pentoxide, Te₂O₅ OLIVER LINDQVIST^a and JACQUES MORET^b

^aDepartment of Inorganic Chemistry, Chalmers University of Technology and the University of Göteborg, P.O.B., S-402 20 Göteborg 5, Sweden and ^bDepartment of Inorganic Chemistry, Faculty of Sciences, Place Eugène Bataillon, 34-Montpellier, France

Single crystals of Te₂O₅ suitable for X-ray investigation have been prepared by hydrothermal synthesis. A total number of 2278 independent reflections were collected with a Philips PAILRED diffractometer, using $MoK\alpha$ radiation.

 Te_2O_5 belongs to the space group $P2_1$ and there are two formula units in the unit cell. The cell dimensions, as determined from Weissenberg photographs, are:

a = 5.37, b = 4.68, c = 7.94 Å and $\beta = 104.8^{\circ}$.

The atomic positions were determined from Patterson and electron density summations, and the structure was refined to an R value of 0.040.

The investigation has shown that Te_2O_5 contains both tellurium(IV) and tellurium

Table 1. Coordination distances in Te₂O₅.

a. Te(VI)	b. Te(IV	,
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{Ce}_2 - \operatorname{O}_4 \\ \operatorname{Ce}_2 - \operatorname{O}_5 \end{array}$	1.93 Å 2.07 1.89 2.08

(VI). The Te – O coordination distances are given in Table 1. Te(VI) is octahedrally surrounded by oxygen atoms, as in Te(OH)₆, ¹ and Te(IV) has a four-fold coordination similar to that in tellurite (β -TeO₂) ² and paratellurite (α -TeO₂). The TeO₆ octahedra are connected to form two-dimensional layers running through the structure. In these layers each tellurium atom is connected to four others via oxygen bridges. The composition of the sheets is $[\text{Te}(\text{VI})\text{O}_4]_n^{2n-}$. Between these layers $[\text{Te}(\text{IV})\text{O}]_n^{2n+}$ are running parallel to the b-axis. The terminal oxygen atoms in the Te(VI) octahedra are also bonded to Te(IV), thus giving a three-dimensional bonding system. The thermal stability of this compound has been studied.

A full description of this investigation will be published in the near future. Single crystal X-ray investigations on the related compounds TeO₂(OH) and Te₄O₉ are in progress.

The authors wish to thank Professors M. Maurin and G. Lundgren for encouraging this work. They are also indebted to Ing. E. Andersson for valuable assistance and to Dr. S. Jagner for revising the English text. Financial support has been obtained from the Swedish Natural Science Research Council (Contract No. 2318).

- Lindqvist, O. Acta Chem. Scand. 24 (1970) 3178.
- 2. Beyer, H. Z. Krist. 124 (1967) 228.
- Lindqvist, O. Acta Chem. Scand. 22 (1968) 977.
- Moret, J. and Maurin, M. C. R. Acad. Sci. Paris 1266 (1968) 708.

Received January 28, 1972.